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## TURKEY.

*Reports from Bagdad—Cholera.*

Vice-Consul Hürner forwards the following, through the American legation at Constantinople, under date of August 18 and 25:

*Weekly sanitary bulletin, August 6 to 18, 1904.*

	Cases.	Deaths.
Bagdad .....	51	40
Mendeli .....	28	14
Bedréh .....	8	8
Solimanieh .....	67	118
Divanieh .....	2	2

*August 13 to 20, 1904.*

	Cases.	Deaths.
Bagdad .....	124	108
Solimanieh .....	40	61
Mendeli .....	28	11
Divanieh .....	1	1
Dindieh .....	1	1
Dit .....	61	28
Shahraban .....	4	1
Kout .....	5	3
Tikrit .....	3	1

## VENEZUELA.

*Report from La Guaira—Suspect yellow fever—Smallpox.*

Passed Assistant Surgeon Frick reports, September 10 and 17, as follows:

I have the honor to transmit the following sanitary report for the week ended September 10, 1904. There has been 1 death from pernicious fever with other similar cases during the week. These I have been unable to see, but consider them suspicious of yellow fever.

The pernicious fever reported as being present in La Guaira last week is certainly yellow fever. How many deaths there have been, how many cases there are now, and how long it has existed in the city proper, I am unable to find out, but there is no doubt that the people are somewhat excited and hence it may be justly concluded, I think, that it is unusually prevalent. In my opinion there have been at least 25 cases of yellow fever in La Guaira recently, almost all of them among children.

There has also been an increase in the number of cases of smallpox

*Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.*

AFRICA—*Sierra Leone.*—Two weeks ended August 19 and September 2, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 19 and 23, respectively. No contagious diseases reported.

AUSTRALIA—*New South Wales, Newcastle*.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 49,920. Total number of deaths 50, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 4, and 6 from tuberculosis.

*Sydney*.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 511,030. Total number of deaths 471, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 2, scarlet fever 3, and 61 from tuberculosis.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town*.—Two weeks ended September 16, 1904. Estimated population, 1,232. No deaths. No contagious diseases.

*Green Turtle Cay, Abaco*.—Two weeks ended September 15, 1904. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

*Nassau*.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1904. Estimated population, 12,650. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

CANADA—*British Colombia—Victoria*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 21,000. Total number of deaths, 22, including 3 from tuberculosis.

CUBA—*Habana*.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 275,000. Total number of deaths, 466, including enteric fever 5, measles 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 100 from tuberculosis.

FRANCE—*Marseille*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 491,161. Total number of deaths, 859, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 26, measles, 2, whooping cough 2, and 81 from tuberculosis.

*St. Etienne*.—Two weeks ended August 31, 1904. Estimated population, 146,671. Total number of deaths 137, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 5, whooping cough 1, and 9 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY—*Weimar*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 30,606. Total number of deaths 57, including measles 3, and 3 from tuberculosis.

GIBRALTAR.—Two weeks ended September 11, 1904. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths 21. No deaths from contagious diseases.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended September 10, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 17 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,271,287.

*London*.—One thousand three hundred and fifty-four deaths were registered during the week, including measles 8, scarlet fever 2, diphtheria 20, whooping cough 16, enteric fever 8, and 258 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 15.2 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,916 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 2 from diphtheria, 2 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 4 from whooping cough.

*Ireland*.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended September 10, 1904, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 18.6 per 1,000 of the population,

which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 4, and the highest in Armagh, viz, 48.1 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 157 deaths were registered, including measles 1, whooping cough 4, and 30 from tuberculosis.

*Scotland*.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended September 10, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 15.7 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,726,236. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 9.7, and the highest in Perth, viz, 20 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 519, including diphtheria 5, measles 5, scarlet fever 2, and 17 from whooping cough.

*JAMAICA—Port Antonio*.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1904. Estimated population, 3,000. Total number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases. The health of the port is good.

*Parish of Portland*.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths 11, including 1 death from enteric fever.

*JAPAN—Formosa*.—Week ended August 20, 1904. Population, 2,905,796. Number of deaths not reported; 8 deaths from plague reported.

*Nagasaki*.—Ten days ended August 30, 1904. Estimated population, 154,727. Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

*SPAIN—Cadiz*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 69,382. Total number of deaths, 151, including enteric fever 2 and 27 from tuberculosis.

*Seville*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 148,315. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from diphtheria, 2 deaths from enteric fever, 12 deaths from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 59 deaths from tuberculosis reported.

*SWITZERLAND*.—Reports for the two weeks ended August 27, 1904, from 18 cities and towns having an aggregate population of 808,000, show a total of 511 deaths, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 7, measles 7, scarlet fever 3, whooping cough 6, and 58 from phthisis pulmonalis.

*WEST INDIES—Curacao*.—Three weeks ended September 9, 1904. Estimated population, 31,600. Total number of deaths, 33. No contagious diseases reported.